

Data Unit 2022 6-month Report

Community Overdose Action Team (COAT)

Period: January 1, 2022 through June 30, 2022

Montgomery County, Ohio



Community Overdose Action Team
Working Together To Combat Overdoses and Drug Abuse

Our goal is to reduce the number of people dying from overdoses and drug abuse.

Data Unit Overview

With representatives from agencies across Montgomery County, the goal of the Data Unit is to enhance efforts to monitor drug use and drug-related morbidity and mortality. Activities include providing data to COAT branches, sharing data between agencies, updating members on data sources and activities, and producing a six month and annual Data Report.

COAT Data Sharing Unit Members:

Lt. Matthew Dickey - Dayton Police Department

Shawn Dunlavy - Montgomery County

Dawn Ebron - Public Health - Dayton & Montgomery County

Josh Gratsch - Ascend Innovations Inc.

Susan Herzfeld - Public Health - Dayton & Montgomery County

Dr. Matthew Juhascik - Montgomery County Coroner's Office

Dr. Sara Paton - Wright State University

Bob Stoughton - Montgomery County/University of Dayton

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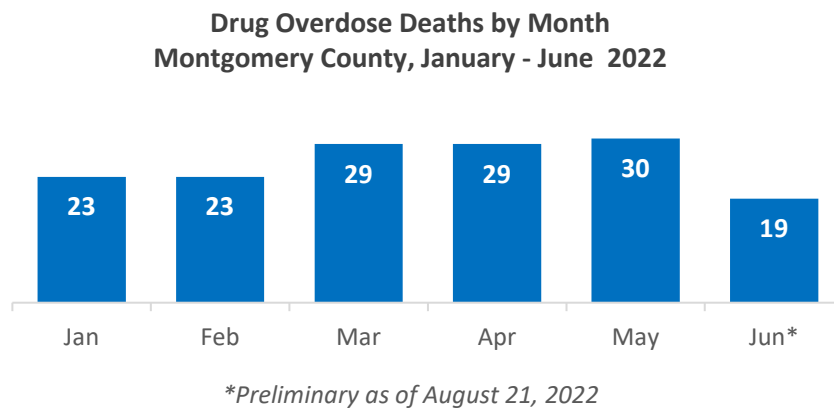
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Drug Overdose Deaths

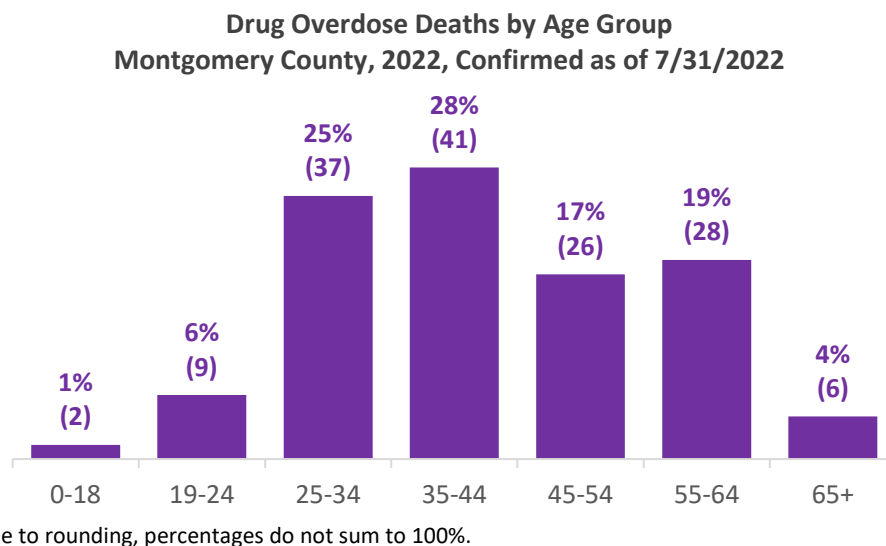
There were **144 suspected and confirmed drug overdose deaths** between January and June 2022; this is a 16.8% decline from 173 deaths during the same period in 2021.

The 149 drug overdose deaths in this report include residents and non-residents of Montgomery County who died in Montgomery County that occurred in 2022 and were confirmed as of July 31, 2022. This report does not include residents who died outside of Montgomery County. Overdose death data are provided by the Montgomery County Coroner's Office; deaths that were not confirmed by July 31, 2022 are not included in this report.

Overdose Deaths by Month

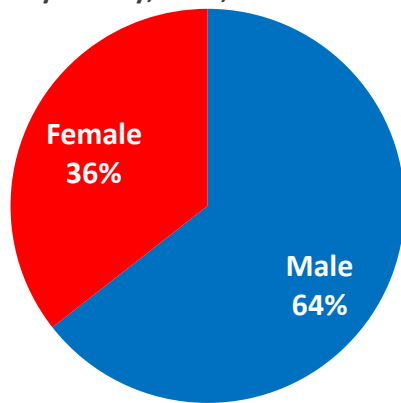


Demographics



The highest percentage of drug overdose deaths occurred in the age group **35 to 44 years** (28%). The median age declined from 42 in 2021 to 40 in the first six months of 2022.

**Drug Overdose Deaths by Sex
Montgomery County, 2022, Confirmed as of 7/31/2022**

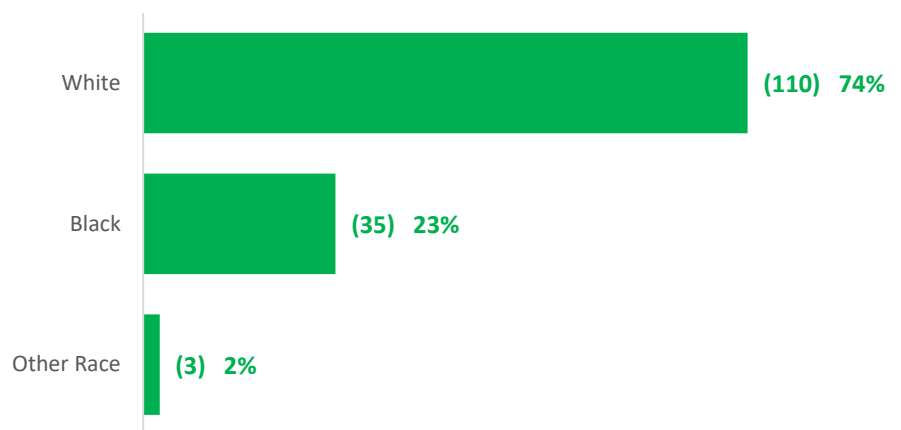


Thirty-six percent (53 of 149) of individuals who died of a drug overdose were **female** and **64%** (96 of 149) were **male**.

The **percent who were female decreased slightly**. In 2021, 39% of drug overdose deaths were among women.

Whites accounted for 74% of drug overdose deaths. Thirty-five (35) of the 149 drug overdose deaths were among **Blacks** (23% of the total). This is a **similar to 2021**.

**Drug Overdose Deaths by Race
Montgomery County, 2022, Confirmed as of 7/31/2022**



Overdose Deaths Among Black Men

Black men represented 15.2% of overdose deaths. This represents a small increase from 2021.

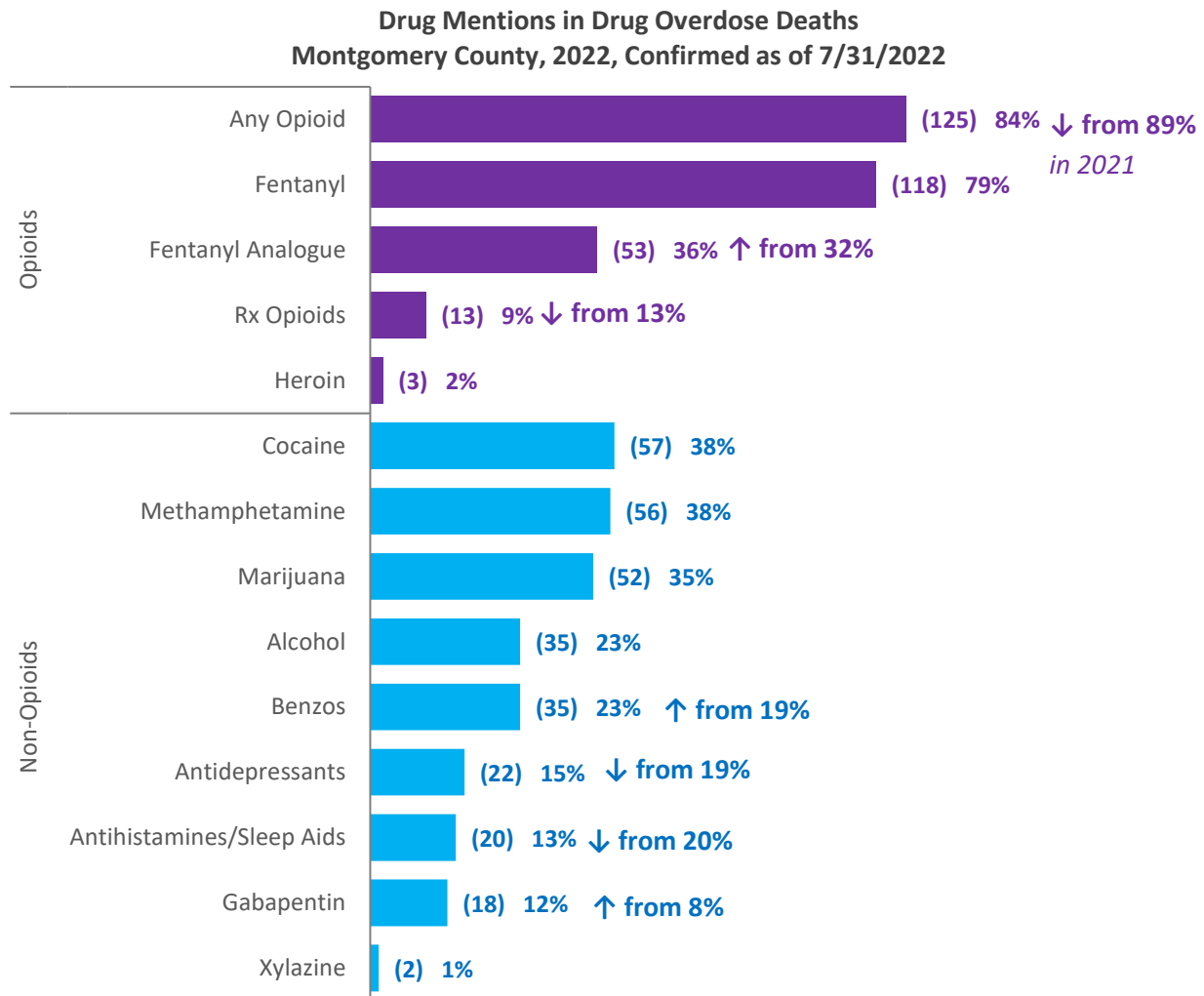
**Overdose Deaths by Sex and Race
Montgomery County, 2019 - 2022**

	2019	2020	2021	2022 As of 7/31/22
	%	%	%	%
White Men	50.0%	47.5%	47.1%	48.3%
White Women	27.3%	24.5%	30.7%	27.6%
Black Men	13.1%	18.6%	13.4%	15.2%
Black Women	9.6%	9.4%	8.8%	9.0%

Drug Types

Definition of a Drug Mention

A drug “mention” means a specific drug was found in a bodily system of an individual who died, but the particular drug was not necessarily the sole cause of death. The presence of multiple drugs in a person's system can result in more than one mention for that individual.

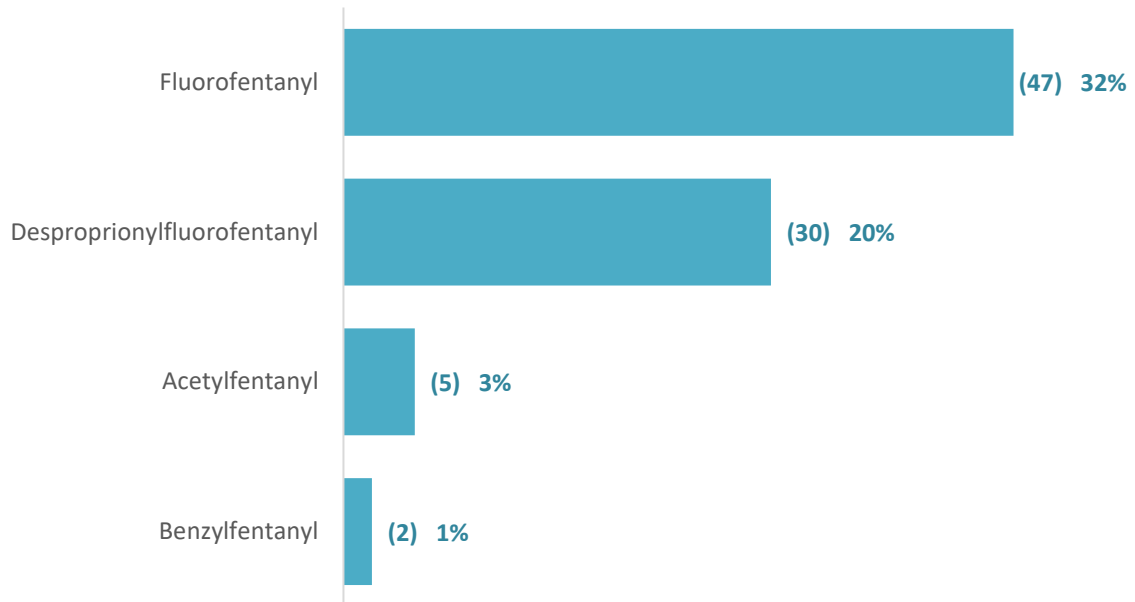


Of those who died from a drug overdose, 79% had **illicit fentanyl** in their system, the most common drug mention among confirmed deaths in 2022. **Fentanyl analogues** (drugs with a similar chemical structure to fentanyl) were the second most common opioid mention, representing 36% of overdose deaths. **Cocaine and methamphetamine** were each present in 38% of toxicology screens.

The percent of deaths involving **fentanyl analogues increased** from 32% during the first six months of 2020, while the percent involving **prescription opioids decreased** from 13%. The percent of deaths involving **benzodiazepines** and **gabapentin increased** while, the percent involving **antidepressants** and **antihistamines decreased**.

Fentanyl Analogues

Types of Fentanyl Analogues in Drug Overdose Deaths
Montgomery County, 2022, Confirmed as of 7/31/2022



Fluorofentanyl (found in 32% of deaths) was the most common fentanyl analogue found during drug overdose autopsies, followed by **despropionylfluorofentanyl** (found in 20% of deaths).

Carfentanil, the most common fentanyl analogue in 2017, was not present in any autopsies in 2020, 2021, or so far in 2022.

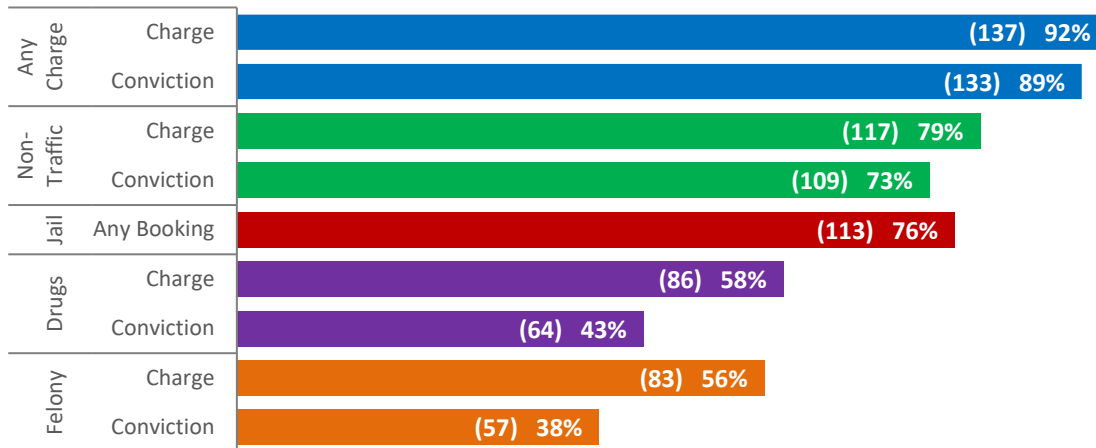
Special Note: In prior reports, despropionylfentanyl was included in totals for fentanyl analogues. Despropionylfentanyl can be more accurately described as a precursor to and metabolite of fentanyl. All data relating to fentanyl analogues in this report has been adjusted accordingly and will not match prior reports.

Criminal History

This section presents law enforcement data on the individuals who died of a drug overdose in Montgomery County. These data are collected from JusticeWeb, a portal that aggregates information from criminal justice agencies in and around Montgomery County. Note that not all agencies report data to JusticeWeb. Charges include any criminal complaints that were filed with a local court. Convictions include trial verdicts and pleading guilty.

Lifetime Cases and Convictions in Overdose Deaths Montgomery County, 2022, Confirmed as of 07/31/2022

(Includes data reported to JusticeWeb)



The percent of individuals with a **felony conviction** during their lifetime **decreased** from 46% in the 2021 to 38% in 2022.

Of the 94 individuals with any drug-related charge, 76% (71) had more than one such charge.

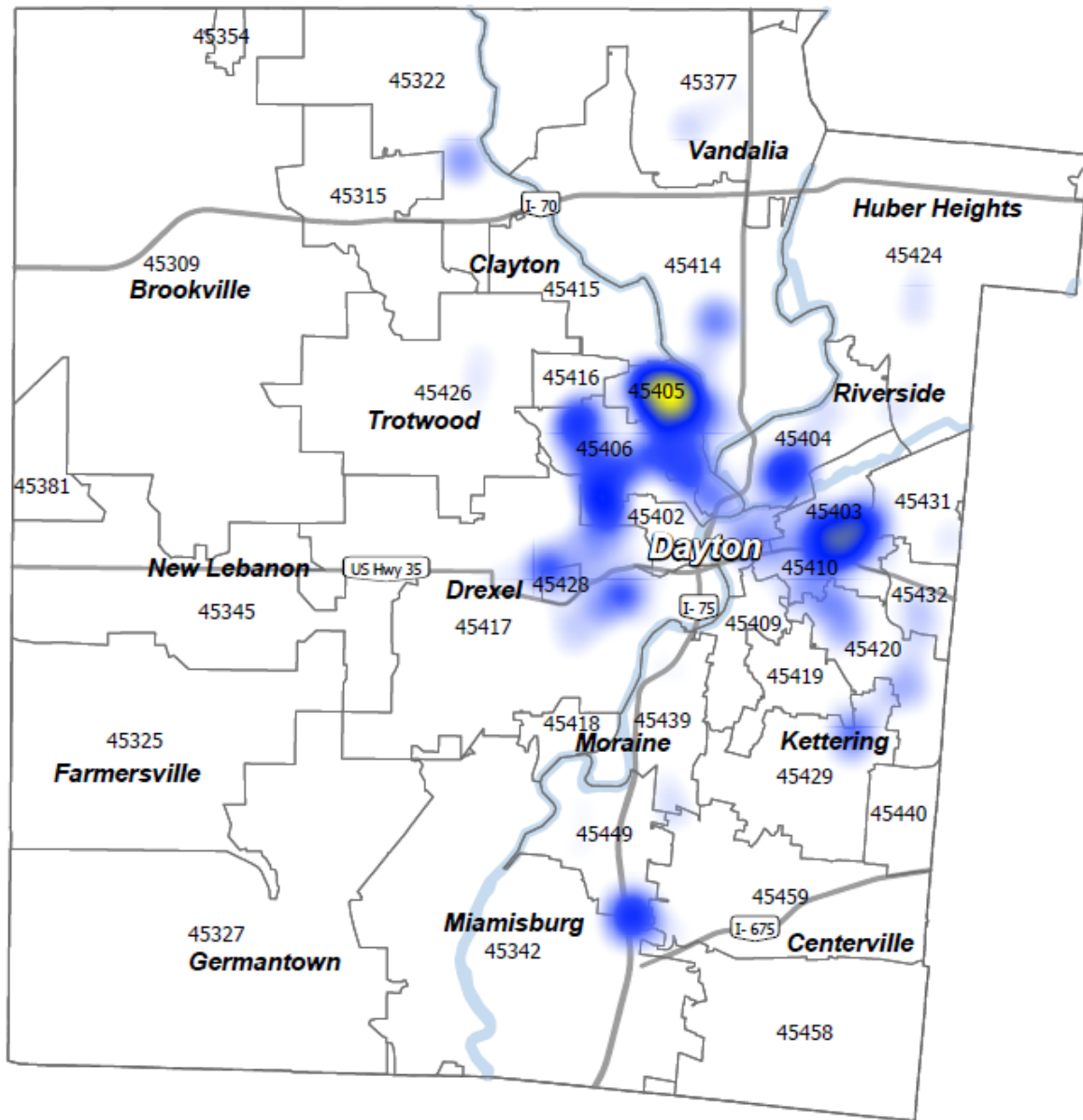
Days Between Criminal Justice Contact* and Overdose Deaths Montgomery County, 2022, Confirmed as of 07/31/2022

Time Between Last Contact and Death	Any Contact		Release From Jail		Drug Contact	
Ever	137	92%	113	76%	86	58%
Within 1 Year	71	48%	47	32%	25	17%
Within 1 Month	51	34%	33	22%	18	12%
Within 1 Week	21	14%	15	10%	5	3%

Note: Table includes all individuals who had contact during a listed time period. For example, "Within 1 Year" also includes individuals who had contact within one month and one week.

Forty-eight percent (71 of 149) of individuals had contact with the criminal justice system within **one year** of death; 34% (51) had contact within **one month** of death and 14% (21) had contact within **one week** of death. The percent of individuals with a **jail booking within 1 year of death increased** from 26% in the first half of 2021 to 32% in 2022 after declining during the COVID-19 pandemic. Contact is defined as a charge, court appearance, or jail booking.

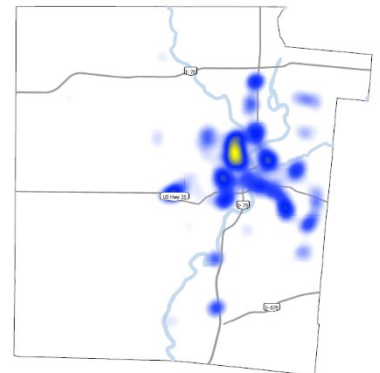
Density of Drug Overdose Deaths by Incident Location Montgomery County, 2022, Confirmed as of 7/31/22



Source: Montgomery County Coroner's Office Drug Overdose Death Data

This map shows a concentration of incident locations for drug overdose deaths. The largest cluster appears in zip code 45405. This is consistent with 2020 and 2021.

Jan-Jun 2021



Drug Overdose Emergency Department Visits

Data regarding drug overdose emergency department visits come from EpiCenter, Ohio’s syndromic surveillance system. Drug-related visits were counted as overdoses if descriptions specifically stated the terms "OD" or "overdose." Drug-related visits with references to suicidal ideations or intentional self-harm, or to everyday drugs such as Tylenol or insulin, were excluded from overdose counts. Numbers in this section represent an estimate and may not reflect the true number of drug overdoses due to variability in visit descriptions and the inconsistent use of ICD codes.

Emergency Department Visits by County of Residence

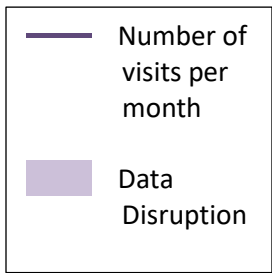
Top 10 Ohio Counties with the Highest Number of Overdose Emergency Department visits by Home Location January – June 2022		
Rank	County	Number of Visits
	All of Ohio	12,577
1	Franklin	1,722
2	Cuyahoga	1,366
3	Hamilton	866
4	Montgomery	759
5	Summit	613
6	Lucas	565
7	Butler	407
8	Lorain	406
9	Mahoning	368
10	Trumbull	356

Top 10 Ohio Counties with the Highest Rates of Overdose Emergency Department visits by Home Location January – June 2022		
Rank	County	Rate (per 1,000)
	All of Ohio	2.2
1	Ross	4.5
2	Fayette	4.1
3	Marion	3.8
4	Jackson	3.6
5	Trumbull	3.5
6	Jefferson	3.4
7	Scioto	3.4
8	Mahoning	3.2
9	Adams	3.1
10	Sandusky	3.0
15	Montgomery	2.9

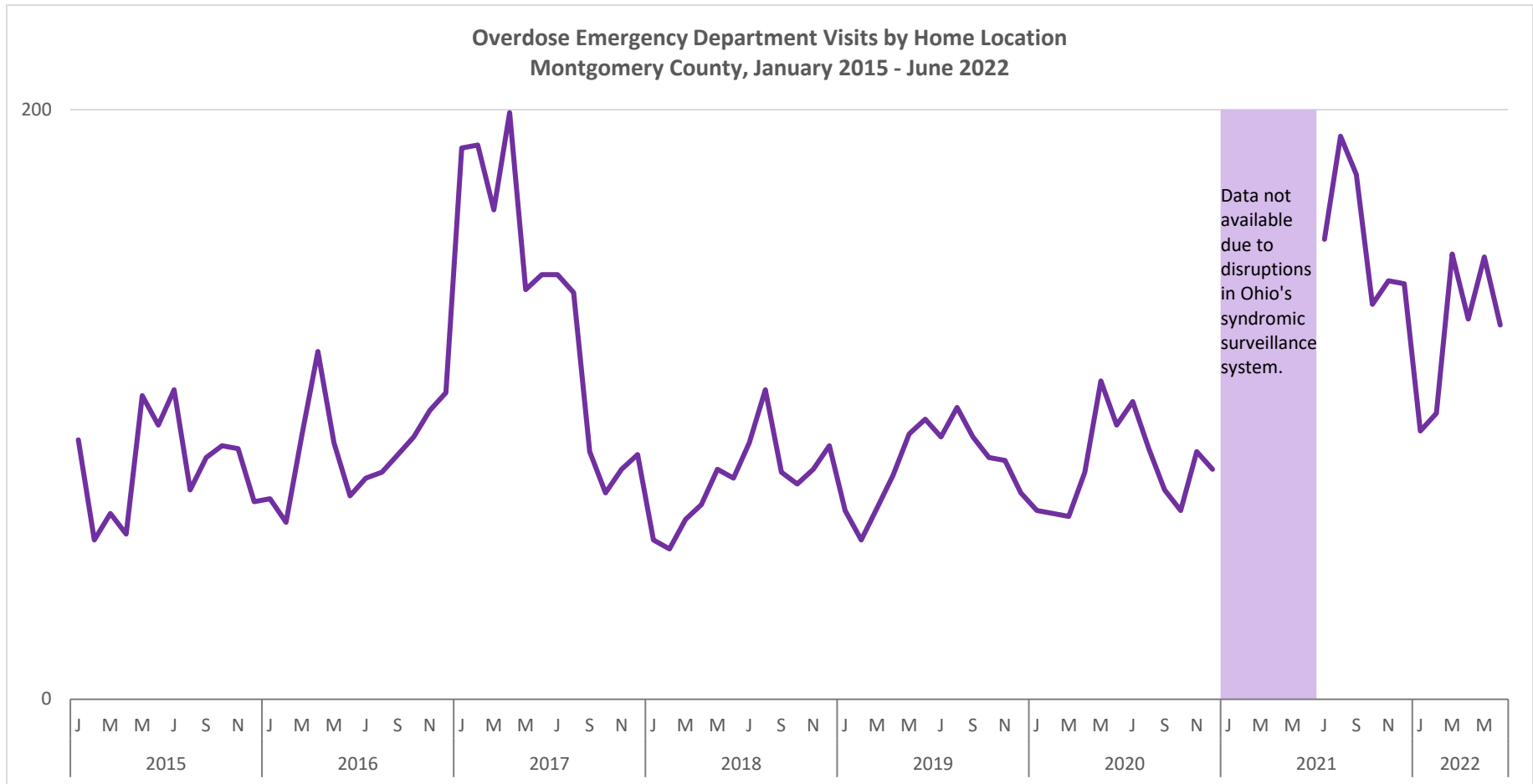
Montgomery County ranks 4th (of 88 counties) for the highest number of drug overdose (OD) visits to emergency departments (ED) and 15th (of 88 counties) for the highest rate of such visits.

Note: Home location may be different than incident location. EpiCenter provides information on place of residence only.

Emergency Department Visits by Montgomery County Residents



The number of overdose visits per month peaked in the Spring of 2017, averaging 170.5 visits per month between January and June. The number also increased in late 2021 and 2022. Between 2018 and 2020, there was an average of 77.6 visits per month. Following a disruption in Ohio’s syndromic surveillance system in the first half of 2021, **Montgomery County saw another increase in overdose visits**; there was an average of 157.0 visits per month between July and December 2021. This is double the average monthly number of visits during the three years prior. **Between January and June 2022, there was an average of 124.2 visits per month, an 21% decline from the second half of 2021.**



Visits by Facility

**Hospital and County of Overdose Emergency Department Visits
Montgomery County Residents, January – June 2022**

Facility	Count	Percent	County
Miami Valley Hospital	276	37.0%	Montgomery
Grandview Medical Center	176	23.6%	Montgomery
Kettering Medical Center	90	12.1%	Montgomery
Miami Valley Hospital North	48	6.4%	Montgomery
Sycamore Medical Center	31	4.2%	Montgomery
Soin Medical Center	23	3.1%	Greene
Miami Valley Hospital South	19	2.6%	Montgomery
Huber Health Center Urgent Care	16	2.1%	Montgomery
Southview Medical Center	14	1.9%	Montgomery
Atrium Medical Center	13	1.7%	Butler
Miami Valley Austin	8	1.1%	Montgomery
Dayton Children's Hospital	6	0.8%	Unknown
Dayton Children's Hospital South Campus	5	0.7%	Montgomery
Other	20	3%	Multiple
Grand Total	745*	100%	

**This total differs from that listed on page 10 due to reporting differences for statewide and county-wide data.*

Miami Valley Hospital had the highest percentage of Montgomery County resident overdose visits to their Emergency Department (37.0% of all visits). This is consistent with prior years. Eight percent (8.3% or 62 visits) of Montgomery County resident overdose ED visits were made to hospitals outside of Montgomery County.

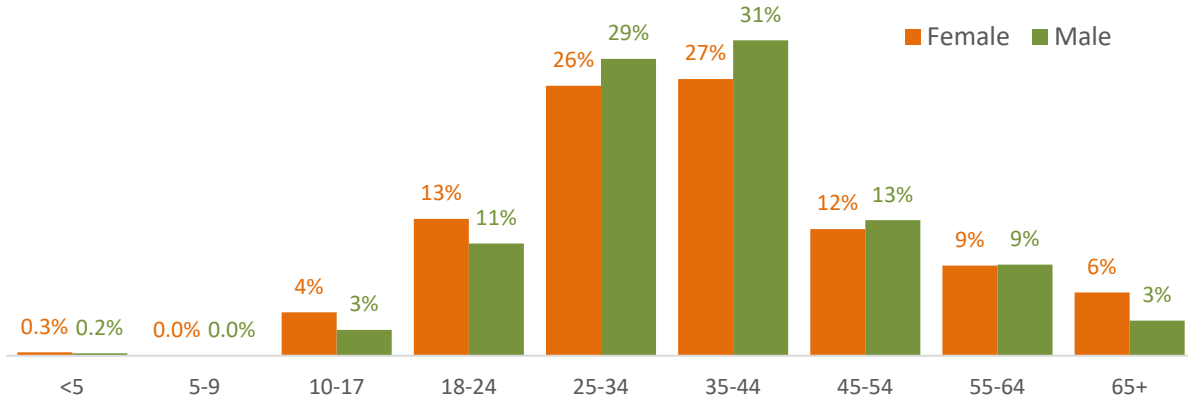
**Overdose Emergency Department Visits per Patient
Montgomery County Residents, January – June 2022**

# of Visits	# of Patients	Percent
1	584	91.4%
2	37	5.8%
3	6	0.9%
4	7	1.1%
5	2	0.3%
6 or more	3	0.5%
Total	639	100.0%

There was a total of 639 Montgomery County residents who visited an ED for a drug overdose in the first half of 2022 for a total of 745 visits. Of the 639 residents, 55 (8.6%) visited an ED for an overdose more than once. The percent of patients with multiple visits is consistent with prior years.

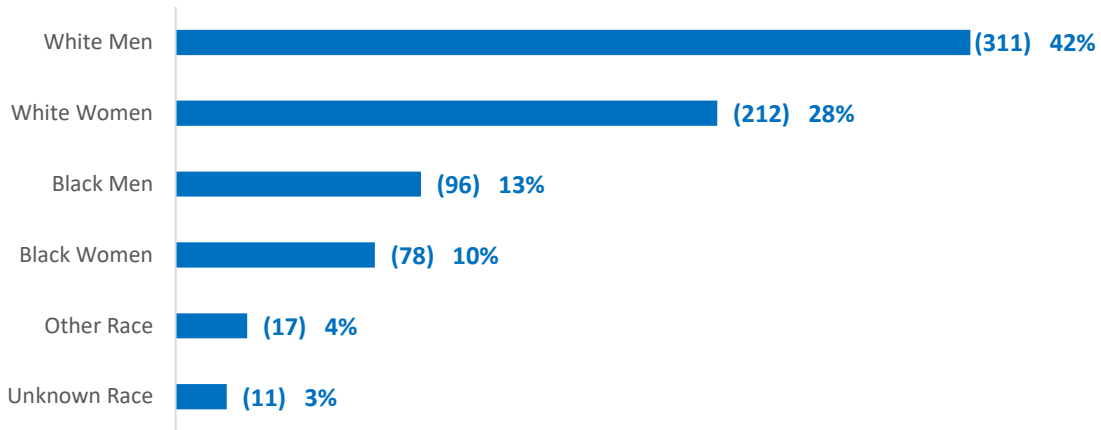
Age and Sex

**Overdose Emergency Department Visits by Age and Sex
Montgomery County, January - June 2022**



Fifty-nine (59%) percent of overdose ED visits were **male**, 41% were female. This is consistent with prior years. Patients ages **25 to 54** years accounted for 70% of overdose ED visits in January to June 2022. Female patients tended to be younger than male patients; 18% (60 of 307) of female patients were younger than 25 years of age, while 14% (115 of 438) of male patients were younger than 25.

**Overdose Emergency Department Visits by Race and Sex
Montgomery County, January - June 2022**



The most common group by race and sex was **White men**, who accounted for 42% of overdose visits, followed by White women (28%). The percent who were **Black men declined** from 17% to 13%.

Home Zip Code

**Top 10 Montgomery County Zip Codes for Overdose by Home Location
Emergency Department Visits by Percent of Visits, January – June 2022**

Rank*	Zip Code	City	Number of Visits	Percent of Visits
1	45417	Dayton/Jefferson Township/Drexel	84	11.3%
2	45402	Dayton	70	9.4%
3	45424	Huber Heights	58	7.8%
4	45410	Dayton	55	7.4%
5	45405	Dayton	54	7.2%
6	45404	Dayton	45	6.0%
7	45403	Dayton	41	5.5%
7	45406	Dayton	40	5.4%
9	45342	Miamisburg	35	4.7%
10	45420	Dayton/Kettering	34	4.6%

*Ranking based on number/percent of all ED visits

Zip code **45417** had the **highest number** of overdose ED visits (84 visits or 11.3% of all Montgomery County resident visits). This is consistent with prior years.

**Top 10 Montgomery County Zip Codes for Overdose by Home Location
Emergency Department Visits by Rate of Visits, January – June 2022**

Rank*	Zip Code	City	Number of Visits	Rate [†]
1	45402	Dayton	70	7.0
2	45404	Dayton	45	4.3
3	45410	Dayton	55	3.5
4	45405	Dayton	54	3.1
5	45417	Dayton/Jefferson Township/Drexel	84	2.7
6	45403	Dayton	41	2.6
7	45439	Dayton	25	2.5
8	45406	Dayton	40	2.0
9	45416	Trotwood	10	1.7
10	45420	Dayton/Kettering	34	1.4

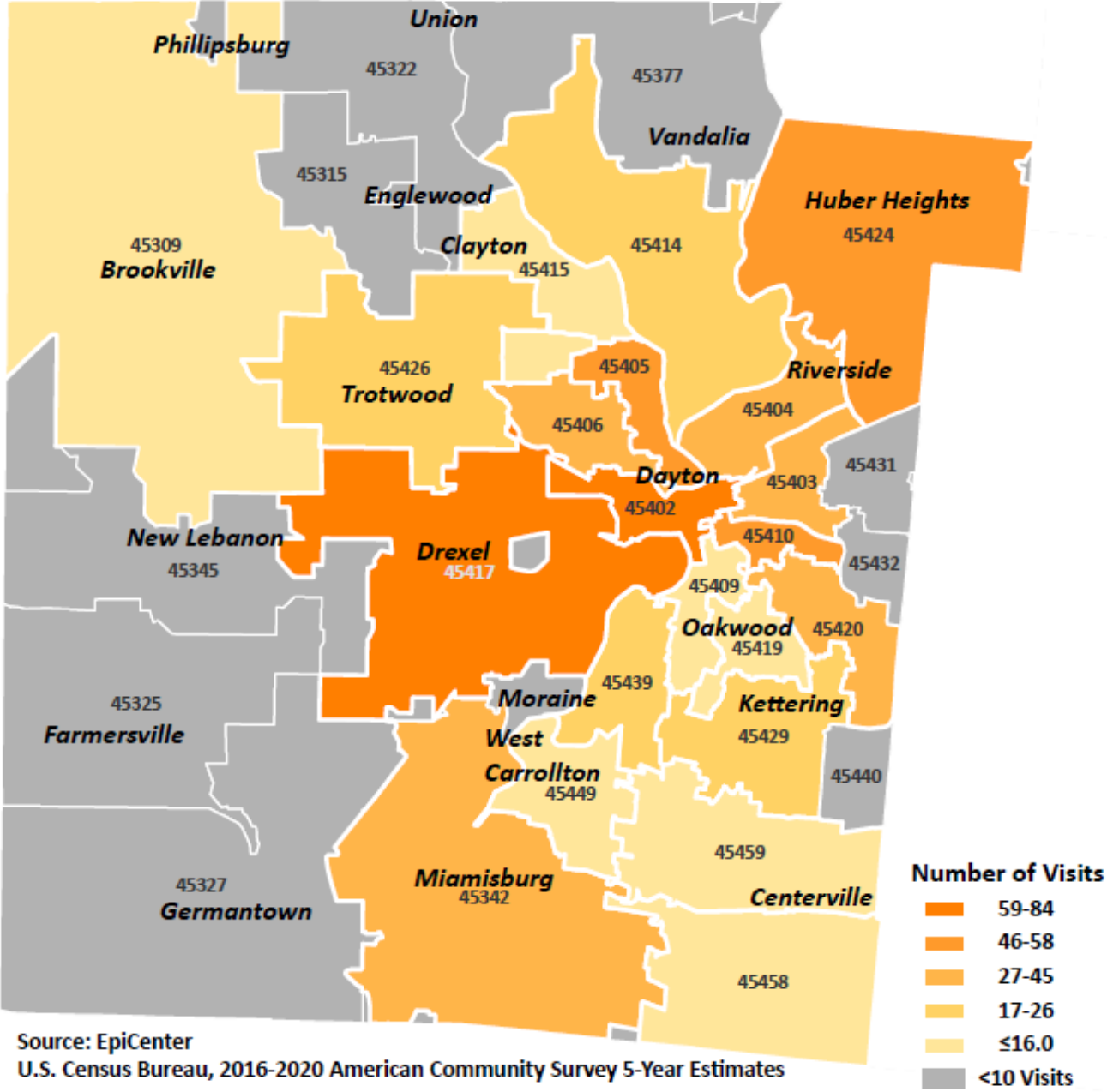
*Ranking based on rate of ED visits

†Rate per 1,000 population

Zip code **45402** had the **highest rate** (7.0 per 1,000 per year) of overdose ED visits. Zip code 45417 falls to 5th when taking its population into account with a rate of 2.7 per 1,000 per year. Zip Code 45402 also had the highest rate in the second half of 2021.

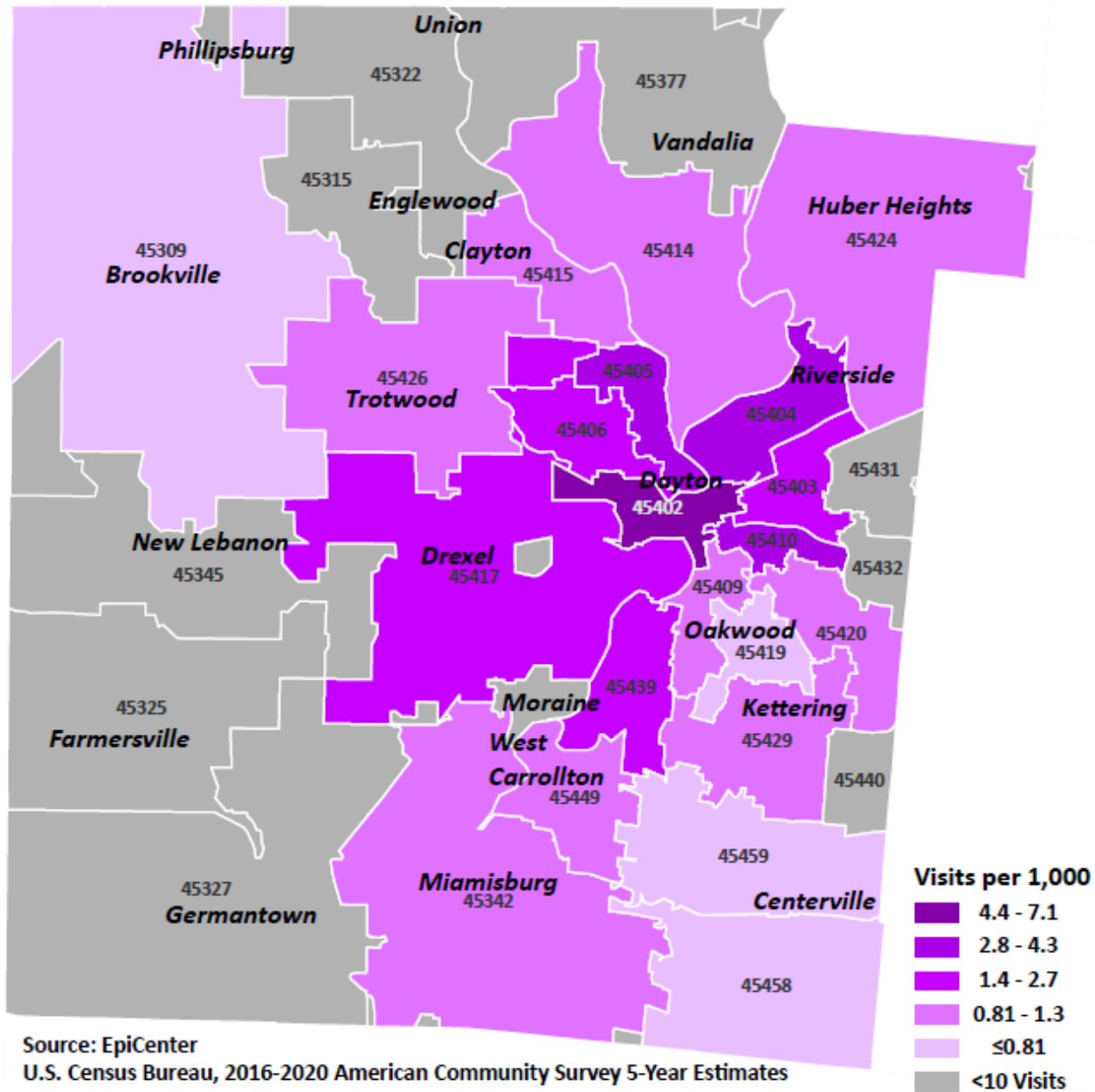
Note: Home location may be different than incident location. EpiCenter provides information on place of residence only.

Number of Overdose Emergency Department Visits by Home Zip Code Montgomery County, January - June 2022



*Note: 45417 includes a men’s homeless shelter whose residents may be included in the above rates
45428 lies within 45417 and contains the Dayton Veteran’s Administration Medical Center*

Rate of Overdose Emergency Department Visits by Home Zip Code Montgomery County, January - June 2022



*Note: 45417 includes a men's homeless shelter whose residents may be included in the above rates
45428 lies within 45417 and contains the Dayton Veteran's Administration Medical Center*

Harm Reduction Initiatives

Syringe Services (CarePoint)

The CarePoint Syringe Services program began on April 17, 2015. The program currently operates at three separate locations: Vogel Health Center, CarePoint Mobile Unit behind DayMont, and CarePoint Mobile Unit near East End Community Services. Services at the Life Enrichment Center ended in April 2021.

Between January and June 2022, there were **1,897 encounters** and a total of **168,412 syringes** exchanged. This represents a **30% decline in the number of encounters when compared with the first half of 2021**, but a **5.6% increase in the number of syringes exchanged**.

CarePoint (Syringe Services) Encounters by Type and Location, January – June 2022

Type of Encounter	Total	East End Mobile	Vogel	DayMont Mobile	Priority Site
New Client	69	24	41	4	0
Repeat Client	1,814	663	1,046	90	15
Exchange for Other	14	8	5	1	0
Total Encounters (%)	1,897 (100%)	695 (37%)	1,092 (58%)	95 (5.0%)	15 (0.8%)

CarePoint (Syringe Services) Exchanges and Distributions by Location, January – June 2022

Exchange/Distribution	Total	East End Mobile	Vogel	DayMont Mobile	Priority Site
Syringes Exchanged	168,412	44,700	105,330	9,382	9,000
Condoms Distributed	2,760	804	1,846	110	0
Lube Distributed	2,225	520	1,537	168	0
Alcohol Pads Distributed	74,177	23,860	47,417	2,900	0
Cotton Balls Distributed	1,053	312	705	36	0
Ointment Distributed	9,543	3,302	5,845	396	0
Cookers Distributed	10,084	3,396	6,397	291	0
Tourniquets Distributed	3,092	1,084	1,904	104	0

Naloxone Distribution and Overdose Reversals
Naloxone Kits Distributed to the Public
January – June 2022

Location	Kits Distributed	Refills
Addiction Services Outreach Team	199	0
GROW Teams	4	0
Project DAWN	958	395
Syringe Services	182	882
Total	1,343	1,277

From January to June 2021, Montgomery County agencies **distributed 1,343** Naloxone kits to new recipients and **refilled 1,277** for a **total of 2,620 kits**. This is a **similar to the first half of 2021** when there were a total of 2,564 kits distributed.

Note: For the purposes of this report, we will refer to Narcan® Nasal Spray by its generic name Naloxone.

Agencies Carrying Naloxone
Montgomery County, January – June 2022

	# Agencies Carrying Naloxone	# Total Agencies	% Agencies Carrying Naloxone
Law Enforcement	27	29	93%
Fire Department (Non-EMS Vehicles)	11	24	46%
Total	38	53	72%

Note: In addition, two municipal court buildings, the Juvenile Court and one probation department carry Naloxone.

Twenty-seven (27) law enforcement agencies and **11 fire departments' non-EMS vehicles** carry naloxone in Montgomery County.

Overdose Reversals with Naloxone
Montgomery County, January – June 2022

Quarter	Project DAWN Naloxone Kits Used in Reversals*	Doses Administered by Emergency Medical Services**
January-June	127	1,290

*Source: ADAMHS. Includes overdoses reported to Project DAWN at time of Naloxone kit refill.

**Source: Ohio Emergency Medical Services.

EMS agencies in Montgomery County **administered 1,290 doses** of naloxone in the first half of 2021, **a 33% decrease** when compared to the first half of 2021 (1,914 doses). During this time, **127 kits from Project DAWN were used to reverse overdoses.**

Drug Seizure

Law Enforcement Drug Seizures and Forfeitures

The Regional Agencies Narcotics and Gun Enforcement (R.A.N.G.E.) Task Force includes twelve law enforcement agencies in Montgomery and Clark Counties and works to combat drug abuse and trafficking.

Miami Valley Bulk Smuggling Task Force includes six agencies that conduct criminal investigations utilizing their investigative authority to protect the citizens of the Miami Valley by disrupting and dismantling international drug trafficking organizations.

Dayton Police Department's (DPD) Narcotics Bureau drug seizures are also listed below.

Regional Agencies Narcotics and Gun Enforcement (R.A.N.G.E.) Task Force Drug Seizures January – June 2022

Drug	Jan-June
Cocaine (grams)	350
Crack Cocaine (grams)	52
Heroin (grams)	145
Fentanyl (grams)	9,238
Marijuana (grams)	15,427
THC Candies, Oil, Vape, Hash (grams)	0
Methamphetamine (grams)	18,560
Opioid Pain Pills (pills)	4,130
Xanax (grams)	1,000
Ecstasy (grams)	0

Miami Valley Bulk Smuggling Task Force Drugs Removed or Forfeited, January – June 2022

Drug	Jan-Jun
Marijuana (grams)	212,457
Cocaine/Crack (grams)	5
Heroin (grams)	0
Fentanyl (grams)	4,500
Methamphetamine (grams)	2,738

Dayton Police Department Narcotics Drug Seizures January – June 2022

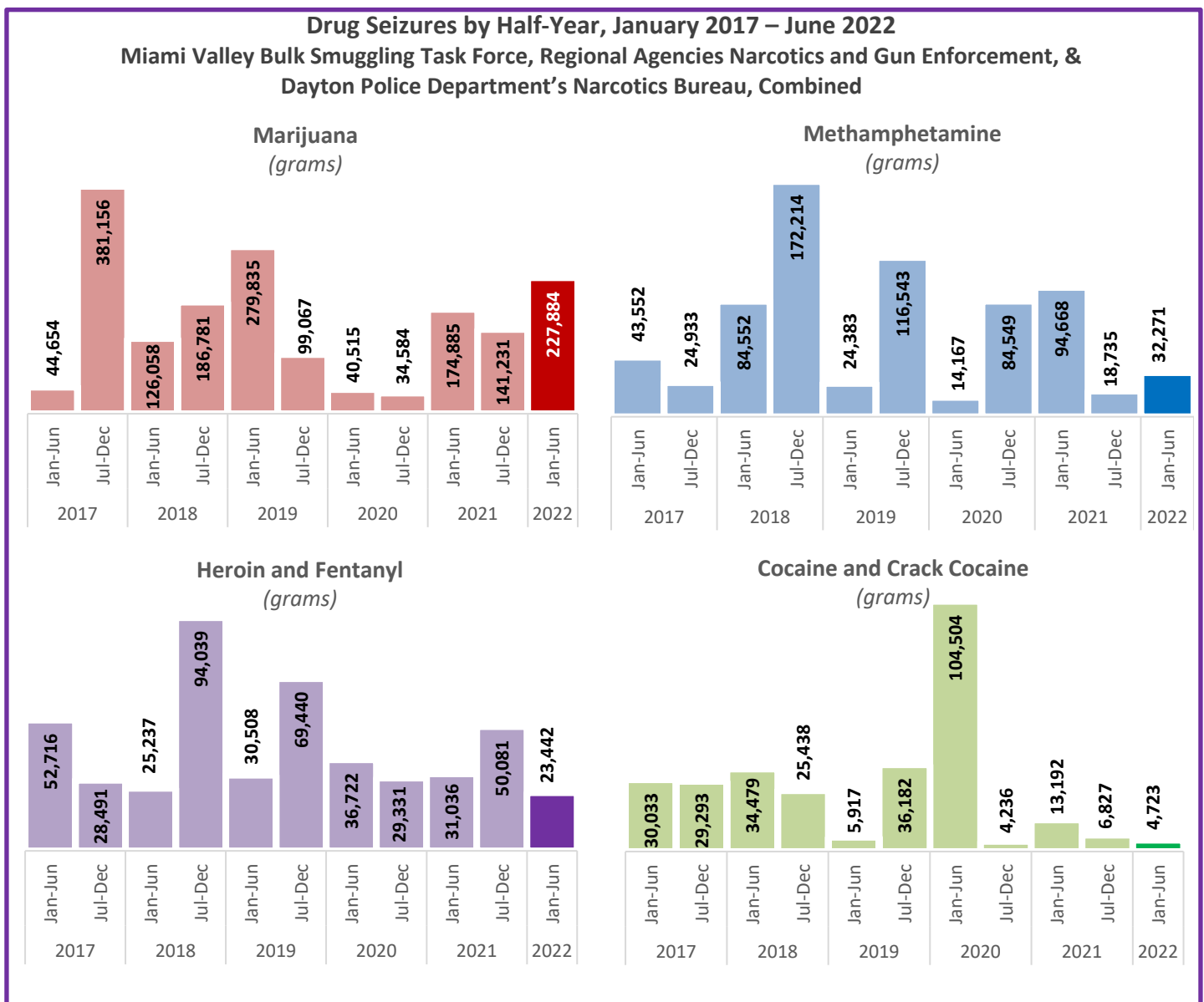
Drug	Jan-Jun
Cocaine/Crack (grams)	4,316
Heroin (grams)	161
Methamphetamine (grams)	10,973
Fentanyl (grams)	9,398
Other Drugs (grams)	3,257
Drop Box (lbs)	24
Pharmaceuticals (dosage unit)	0

Note: A full list of agencies participating in R.A.N.G.E. and Miami Valley Bulk Smuggling Task Force is available in the addendum.

Drugs Seized

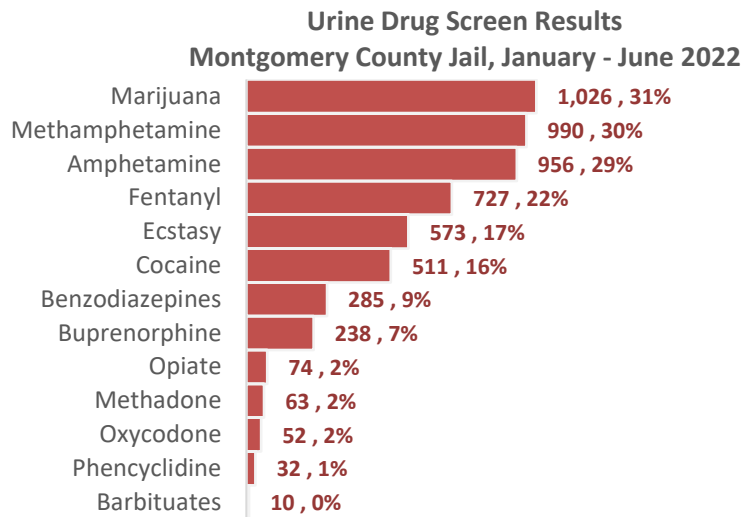
Drugs seized by law enforcement provide a snapshot of drugs present in the community. Between January and June of 2022, the Miami Valley Bulk Smuggling Task Force, R.A.N.G.E., and Dayton Police Department's Narcotics Bureau seized a combined 277,884 grams of marijuana, 32,271 grams of methamphetamine, 23,442 grams of heroin and fentanyl, and 4,723 grams of cocaine and crack cocaine.

The number of grams of methamphetamine, heroin/fentanyl, and cocaine seized were all lower in the first half of 2022 than in the same time period in 2021. Seizures of marijuana increased 30% when compared with the first half of 2021.



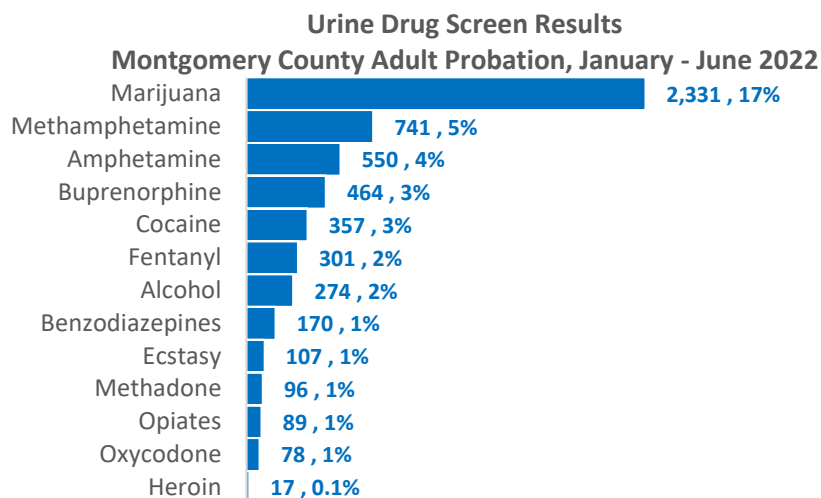
Drug Screen Results

The Montgomery County Jail conducts urine drug screenings upon consent for individuals who enter the jail. Screenings are offered to all individuals who enter the jail by NaphCare, the jail’s medical services provider, to support care management. Individuals may be offered detoxification support, continuation of medication assisted treatment, or referral to treatment upon release.



Source: Montgomery County Sheriff’s Office

Of the 9,099 individuals who were booked into the jail between January 1st and June 30th, **36% consented to a urine drug analysis** as part of a medical screening (3,294 of 9,099). Of the 3,294 who consented to a drug screening, 31% tested positive for **marijuana**, 30% for **methamphetamine**, and 22% for **fentanyl**.



Source: Montgomery County Adult Probation

Between January and June 2022, Montgomery County Adult Probation performed 13,604 urine drug screens. Seventeen percent (17%) tests were positive for **marijuana**. Five percent (5%) of tests were positive for **methamphetamine**.

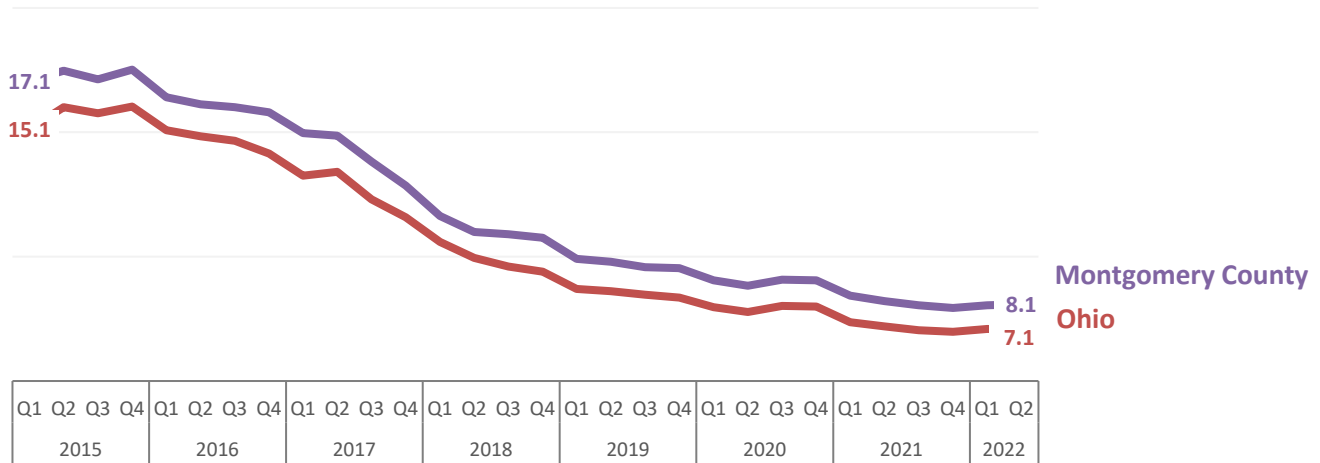
Prescription Opioids

Prescriptions by Quarter

Ohio Automated Rx Reporting System (OARRS)

The Ohio Automated Rx Reporting System (OARRS) allows prescribers and pharmacies to monitor opioid prescriptions and address overprescribing and “doctor shopping” in the state of Ohio. The charts below represent the number of doses dispensed per capita; this is the total number of doses sold to patients at pharmacies divided by the total population.

**Opioid Doses Dispensed per Capita
Montgomery County and Ohio; January 2015 - June 2022**

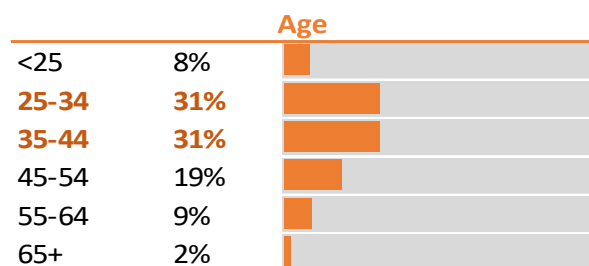
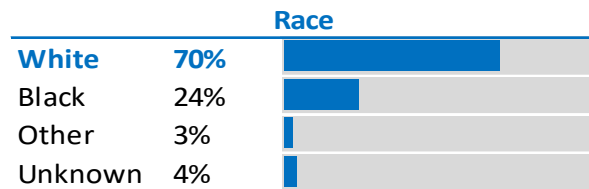


Between 2015 and June 2022, the rate of opioids dispensed per capita was **higher in Montgomery County** than in the State of Ohio. The number of opioid doses dispensed per capita **decreased** consistently between 2015 and mid-2021 and **seemed to stabilize** through mid-2022.

Treatment

Montgomery County’s Alcohol, Drug Addiction & Mental Health Services (ADAMHS) funds treatment and recovery supports for Substance Use Disorder through 16 providers, including 9 who provide medication assisted treatment. Between January and June 2022, **709 Montgomery County residents received services** through Greater Office Solutions Helper (GOSH), a billing system used by the majority of Ohio ADAMHS Boards to pay for contracted services.

In Montgomery County, this includes services paid for by the Human Services Levy. Services include early intervention, recovery housing, peer support services, outpatient services, partial hospitalization, clinically managed high-intensity residential services, and medically monitored inpatient services. Providers include Daybreak Inc., Eastway Corp., Goodwill Easter Seals Miami Valley, MonDay Community Correctional, Nova Behavioral, Project Cure, Public Health Addiction Services, Samaritan Behavioral Health Incorporated – OneFifteen, South Community, TCN Behavioral Health, Women’s Recovery Center, Family Services Association, and Urban Minority Alcoholism & Drug Abuse Outreach Programs (UMADAOP).



Between January and June 2021, **709 Montgomery County residents received services for Substance Use Disorder (SUD)*** through GOSH. Of those:

- **Seventy percent were White**, 24% were Black.
- **Sixty-two percent were men**, 38% were women.
- Individuals **between the ages of 25 and 44** represented 62% of those who received SUD services.

Four hundred sixteen (416) individuals accessed ADAMHS network **recovery housing** during this time.

Notes:

***Diagnoses include:** F10 (Alcohol), F11 (Opioids), F12 (Cannabis), F13 (Sedatives), F14 (Cocaine), F15 (Stimulants), F16 (Hallucinogens), F17 (Nicotine), F18 (Inhalants), and F19 (Other psychoactive substances/multiple drug use).

Data Limitations: These are only individuals enrolled in GOSH. This does not represent the total Montgomery County population due to the federal CFR 42 Part 2 rule restricting the sharing of Medicaid-only SUD patient data with county boards by OhioMHAS.

Addendum

R.A.N.G.E. Agencies Include:

- Homeland Security Investigation
- Montgomery County Sheriff's Office
- Clark County Sheriff's Office
- Clayton Police Department
- Dayton Police Department
- Englewood Police Department
- Five Rivers MetroParks Law Enforcement Department
- Franklin Police Department
- Germantown Police Department
- Jackson Township Police Department
- Miami Township Police Department
- Ohio State Highway Patrol

Miami Valley Bulk Smuggling Task Force Agencies Include:

- Montgomery County Sheriff's Office
- The Ohio State Highway Patrol
- Miami Township Police Department
- Butler Township Police Department
- Ohio Bureau of Criminal Investigation
- Homeland Security Investigations
- Montgomery County Prosecutor's Office